

Department of Applied Psychology
The Islamia University of Bahawalpur
Final Term- MSc (2nd Semester)
Personality Psychology
Instructor: Dr. Muhammad Saleem

Max. Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 minutes

Name: _____

Roll No: _____

Objective Type

Note: This section contains multiple choice questions (MCQs). All questions carry equal marks. Please encircle the best correct option given for each MCQ. Overwriting, cutting, removing, or rubbing is not allowed.

1. _____ refers to an orientation toward things outside oneself.
a) introversion b) extroversion c) openness to experience d) neuroticism
2. The data that are gathered from self-reports and questionnaires is called _____.
a) Q-data b) T-Data c) L-Data d) none of these
3. R. B. Cattell was born in _____.
a) 1905 b) 1908 c) 1910 d) None of these
4. Traits that people in a population share _____.
a) Basic traits b) common traits c) personality factors d) All of these
5. Neuroticism is also known as _____.
a) Impulsivity b) emotional instability c) surgency d) None of these
6. _____ is possible because certain characteristics are associated with each other.
a) Factor analysis b) personality analysis c) dimensional analysis d) all of these
7. The internal psychobiological forces that help induce particular behavior patterns toward a goal are called:
a) Traits b) reinforcements c) motives d) none of these
8. TAT stands for _____.
a) Thematic appreciation test b) Thematic Apperception test c) Theoretical Appreciation test d) none
9. The search for the meaning of existence is termed as _____.
a) Growth b) expressivity c) logotherapy d) none
10. Theory of self-actualization was presented by _____.
a) Carl Rogers b) Golden Allport c) Carl Jung d) Abraham Maslow
11. The approach to happiness is named as _____.
a) Subjective well-being b) Post traumatic growth c) life satisfaction d) none of these
12. The sexual behavior of male and female is changed after _____.
a) childhood b) adulthood c) puberty d) all of these.
13. People with serious problems of impulsive, self-destructive behavior and stormy relationships have _____.
a) Paranoid personality disorder b) borderline personality disorder c) Schizoid personality disorder d) none
14. _____ provides a means of seeing the effects of personality on health across the life span.
a) Terman Life-Cycle b) diathesis-stress link c) conscientiousness d) none
15. People with an _____ personality type often have a cruel penchant for exerting power over others.
a) authoritative b) authoritarian c) dependent d) leadership
16. According to _____ theory, hateful emotions are conditioned response.
a) Classic learning b) operant learning c) observational learning d) all of these.
17. _____ viewed anger as an emotional reaction that culminates in hateful behavior.
a) Hans Eysenck b) Seymour Feshbach c) George Kelly d) none of these.
18. Julian Rotter was well known for work on the idea and measurement of _____.
a) personality b) competency c) locus of control d) self-regulation
19. Having positive expectations for the future outcomes is called as _____.
a) pessimism b) optimism c) hope d) all of these.
20. _____ intensively studied psychosocial and intellectual development of children.
a) Carl Rogers b) Martin Seligman c) Lewis Terman d) None of these

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Essay type question

Time Allowed: 1 hour

1. Investigate the different motivations and personality of love (7.5)
2. Describe how the eight basic approaches to personality address gender differences? (7.5)

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Max. Marks: 15

Time Allowed: 40 minutes

Name: _____

Roll No: _____

Short Questions

1. What are cardinal dispositions?
2. What do you know about need for achievement?
3. What is emotional expressiveness?
4. What is hedonic adaptation?
5. Define diathesis-stress model.
6. Differentiate between superiority and inferiority complex
7. Discuss Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs.

SAMPLE PAPER